



APPRENONS LE FRANÇAIS

Bonjour mes étudiants ☺

Qu'est – ce qu'on étudie aujourd'hui ?

Aujourd'hui , on comprend le premier group des **verbs**
– **ER verbs**

(Today , we understand the first group of verbs – er verbs)

In french , verbs are divided into 3 groups.

- First Group – verbs whose infinitive ends in –er
- Second Group - verbs whose infinitive ends in –ir
- Third Group - verbs whose infinitive ends in –re



You
remember ?

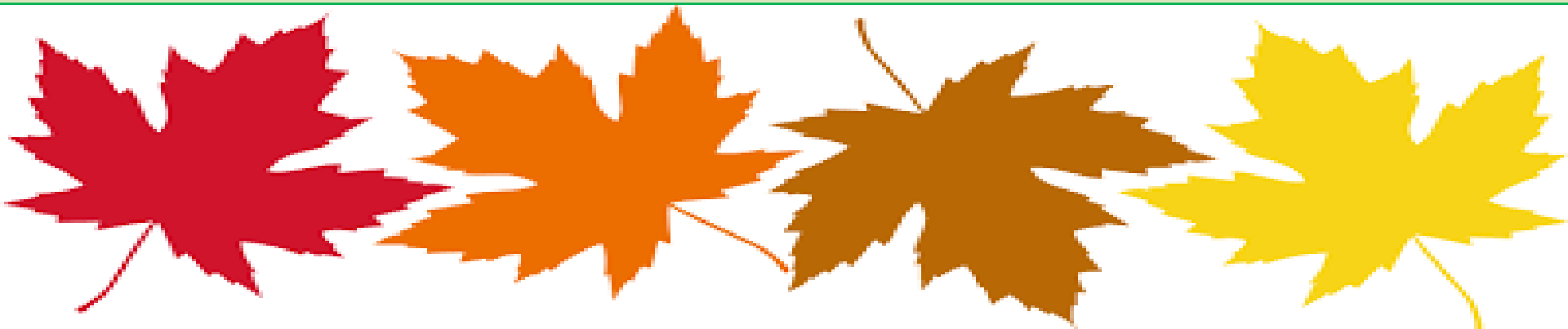


< ER > VERBS

- All verbs whose infinitive ends in **er** belong to this group (**except aller**)
- The present tense of all –er verbs is conjugated by removing the er ending and adding the endings **–e , -es, -e, -ons, -ez, -ent** to the radical of the verb.
- Example –Infinitive - **parler** Radical - **parl**



Commonly used << er >> verbs



1. Visiter – to visit
2. Écouter – to listen
3. Préférer – to prefer
4. Demander – to ask
5. Regarder – to look at
6. Étudier – to study
7. Donner – to give
8. Travailler – to work
9. Jouer – to play
10. Aimer – to like/love

11. Détester – to hate
12. Déjeuner – to have lunch
13. Chanter – to sing
14. Inviter – to invite
15. Marcher – to walk
16. Fermer – to close
17. Préparer – to prepare
18. Tomber – to fall
19. Parler – to speak
20. Habiter – to live





Confused between infinitive and radical ?



▪ Verbs that end with **er** are known as **-er verbs**. For example : **parler , habiter , aimer , danser...etc.** These are infinitive verbs. The infinitive is the basic, unconjugated form of a verb, sometimes called the name of the verb.

▪ If , we remove **-er** ending of the verb the rest is known as **Radical**. For example :

- 1) Infinitive- parler , radical – parl
- 2) Infinitive – habiter , radical – habit
- 3) Infinitive – danser , radical – dans
- 4) Infinitive – jouer , radical - jou

Comment conjuguez les verbes << er >> (How to conjugate ER verbs)



■ To conjugate **-ER** verbs, **remove** the infinitive ending i.e **-er** to find the stem and add the endings. Endings are **-e , -es , -e , -ons , -ez , -ent**.

For example : Let's conjugate present tense of verb – Parler (to speak)



	Singular	Plural
1st person	Je parle	Nous parlons
2 nd person	Tu parles	Vous parlez
3rd person	Il/elle parle	Ils/elles parlent

- Je /tu / il/elle /nous /vous /ils/elles are subject pronouns.
- **Parl** is the radical of the verb Parler.
- e /es/e/ons/ez/ent are the endings of the er verb



**PLEASE
NOTE**

**Allons! Faire le plus
Let's Do Some More !!**

Present tense of verb – Habiter (to live)

	Singular	Plural
1st person	J'habite e	Nous habit ons
2 nd person	Tu habit es	Vous habit ez
3rd person	Il/elle habit e	Ils/elles habit ent

Note : Je is shortened to J' before vowels and silent **h**

Pratiquez

(Let's Practice)

Q1. Conjuguez les verbes suivants.

(Conjugate the following verbs)

1. Je _____ (regarder) les films français.
2. Tu _____ (parler) anglais ?
3. Pauline _____ (aimer) les fleurs.
4. Nous _____ (jouer) avec un ballon.
5. Vous _____ (écouter) la radio.



Q2. Completez selon l'exemple

(complete according to the example)

1. Etudier (to study)

J'étudie
Tu étudi____
Il/elle étudi____

Nous étudi____
Vous étudi____
Ils/elles étudi____

2. Donner(to give)

Je donn____
Tu donn____
Il/elle donn____

Nous donn____
Vous donn____
Ils/elles donn____



Pratiquez

(Let's Practice)

Q3. Conjuguez les verbes avec le sens
(Conjugate the verbs with meaning)

1. **Tomber** (_____)

Tu _____

Nous _____

Elles _____

2. **Fermer** (_____)

Je _____

Il _____

Vous _____

3. **Préparer**(_____)

Elle _____

Vous _____

Nous _____

4. **Marcher** (_____)

Je _____

Elle _____

Tu _____





ACTIVITÉ



Q. Devinez : Regardez l'action et devinez le verbe <er>. Formez une phrase en français.

(Look at the action and guess the <ER> verb. Form a sentence using <ER> verb in french)

1)



2)



3)



4)





Révissez bien les verbes ER
Complétez la fiche de révison (Revision sheet)
Faites la question 3 (page -18)

Bon Courage